V200-18-E5B Snap-in I/O Module

The V200-18-E5B plugs directly into the back of compatible Unitronics OPLCs, creating a self-contained PLC unit with a local I/O configuration.

Features

- 18 isolated digital inputs, includes 2 H.S.C inputs, type pnp/npn (source/sink)
- 15 isolated pnp (source) outputs
- 2 isolated pnp/npn (source/sink) transistor outputs, includes 2 H.S. outputs
- 3 analog inputs
- Before using this product, it is the responsibility of the user to read and understand this document and any accompanying documentation.
- All examples and diagrams shown herein are intended to aid understanding, and do not guarantee operation. Unitronics accepts no responsibility for actual use of this product based on these examples.
- Please dispose of this product in accordance with local and national standards and regulations.
- Only qualified service personnel should open this device or carry out repairs.

User safety and equipment protection guidelines

This document is intended to aid trained and competent personnel in the installation of this equipment as defined by the European directives for machinery, low voltage, and EMC. Only a technician or engineer trained in the local and national electrical standards should perform tasks associated with the device's electrical wiring.

Symbols are used to highlight information relating to the user's personal safety and equipment protection throughout this document. When these symbols appear, the associated information must be read carefully and understood fully.

Symbol	Meaning	Description
1	Danger	The identified danger causes physical and property damage.
<u></u>	Warning	The identified danger can cause physical and property damage.
Caution	Caution	Use caution.



- Failure to comply with appropriate safety guidelines can result in severe personal injury or property damage. Always exercise proper caution when working with electrical equipment.
- Check the user program before running it.
- Do not attempt to use this device with parameters that exceed permissible levels.



- Install an external circuit breaker and take appropriate safety measures against shortcircuiting in external wiring.
- To avoid damaging the system, do not connect / disconnect the device when the power is on.

Caution

Ascertain that terminal blocks are properly secured in place.

Environmental Considerations



 Do not install in areas with: excessive or conductive dust, corrosive or flammable gas, moisture or rain, excessive heat, regular impact shocks or excessive vibration.



- Provide proper ventilation by leaving at least 10mm of space between the top and bottom edges of the device and the enclosure walls.
- Do not place in water or let water leak onto the unit.
- Do not allow debris to fall inside the unit during installation.

Wiring



- Do not touch live wires.
- /i\
- Unused pins should not be connected. Ignoring this directive may damage the device.
- Do not connect the 'Neutral' or 'Line' signal of the 110/220VAC to the device's 0V pin.
- Double-check all wiring before turning on the power supply.

Wiring Procedures

Use crimp terminals for wiring; use 26-12 AWG wire (0.13 mm ²-3.31 mm²) for all wiring purposes.

- 1. Strip the wire to a length of 7±0.5mm (0.250–0.300 inches).
- 2. Unscrew the terminal to its widest position before inserting a wire.
- Insert the wire completely into the terminal to ensure that a proper connection can be made.
- 4. Tighten enough to keep the wire from pulling free.
- To avoid damaging the wire, do not exceed a maximum torque of 0.5 N·m (5 kgf·cm).
- Do not use tin, solder, or any other substance on stripped wire that might cause the wire strand to break.
- Install at maximum distance from high-voltage cables and power equipment.

I/O Wiring—General

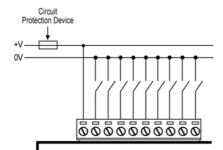
- Input or output cables should not be run through the same multi-core cable or share the same wire.
- Allow for voltage drop and noise interference with input lines used over an extended distance.
 Use wire that is properly sized for the load.

Digital Inputs

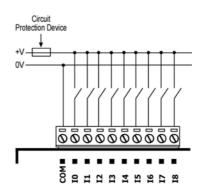
Each group of 9 inputs has a common signal. Each group can be used as either pnp (source) or npn (sink), when appropriately wired as shown in the following figures.

Inputs I0 and I2 can be used as normal digital inputs, as high-speed counters, or as part of a shaft encoder. Inputs I1 and I3 can be used as normal digital inputs, as high-speed counter resets, or as part of a shaft encoder.

npn (sink) digital input wiring



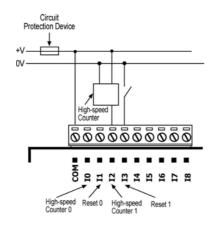
pnp (source) digital input wiring

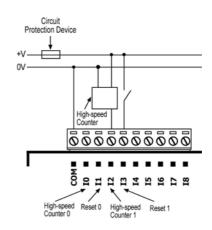


npn (sink) high-speed counter

COM 10 11 12 13 14 14 15 15 17

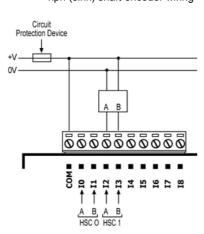
pnp (source) high-speed counter



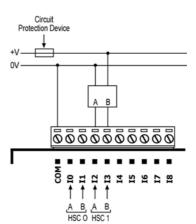


Inputs I0, I1, and I2, I3 can be used as shaft encoders as shown below.

npn (sink) shaft encoder wiring



pnp (source) shaft encoder wiring

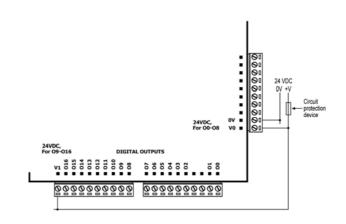


Digital Outputs

Wiring Power Supplies

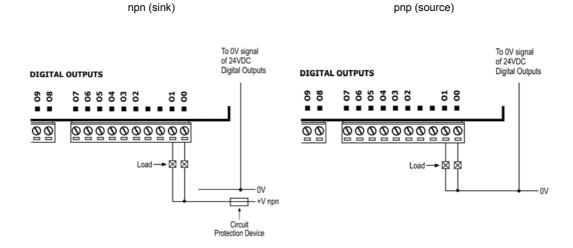
Use a 24VDC power supply for all digital outputs.

- Connect the "positive" lead to the "V0" and "V1" terminal, and the "negative" lead to the common "0V" terminal.
- V0 provides the power supply for Outputs #0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8
- V1 provides the power supply for Outputs #9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16.
- In the event of voltage fluctuations or non-conformity to voltage power supply specifications, connect the device to a regulated power supply.

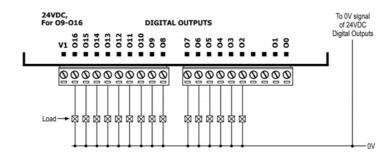


Transistor Outputs

- Outputs 0 and 1 can function as either npn or pnp, in accordance with jumper settings and wiring. Open
 the device and set the jumpers according to the instructions beginning on page 6.
- Outputs 2 to 16 function as pnp only.
- The 0V signal of the transistor outputs is isolated from the controller's 0V signal.



pnp (source)



Analog Inputs

- Shields should be connected at the signal source.
- To set the inputs:
 - Use the appropriate wiring as shown below.
 - Open the device and set the jumpers according to the instructions beginning on page 6.
- Inputs may be wired to work with either current or voltage.
- All inputs share a common COM signal.

current current/voltage ANALOG INPUTS ANALOG 2 wire 100 00 connection 4 wire 10 00 connection 10 100 10 00 000 ■ AN1 00 10 000 ■ ANO 10 000 ■ COM

Changing Jumper Settings

To access the jumpers, you must remove the snap-in I/O module from the controller, and then remove the module's PCB board. Before you begin, turn off the power supply, disconnect and dismount the controller.

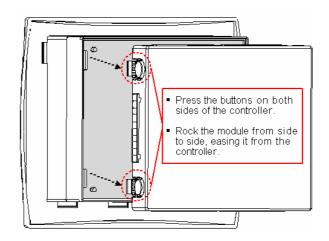


- Before performing these actions, touch a grounded object to discharge any electrostatic charge.
- Avoid touching the PCB board directly by holding the PCB board by its connectors.

Accessing the Jumpers

First, remove the snap-in module.

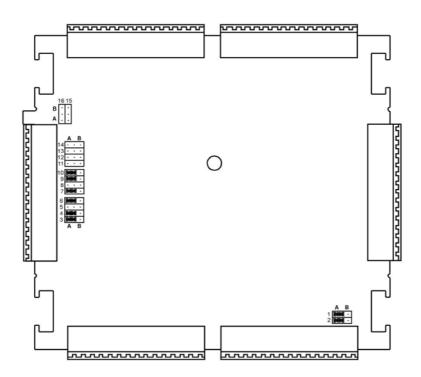
- Locate the 4 buttons on the sides of the module, two on either side. Press the 2 buttons on either side of the module as shown, and hold them down to open the locking mechanism.
- Gently rock the module from side to side, easing the module from the controller.



- Using a Philips screwdriver, remove the center screw, shown in the figure below, from the module's upper PCB board. Do not remove any other screws.
- Holding the PCB board by its edges, gently lift it out of the module.



Select the desired function by changing the jumper settings according to the figure and tables shown below.



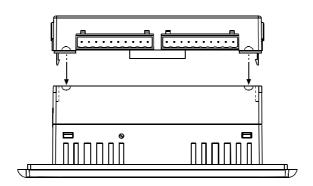
Ana	loa	Inpu	t J	um	ners
Allu	.09	при	··	u	PC: 3

	Analog input Jumpers				
		Jumper #	Voltage*	Current	
	Analan innut 2	10	Α	В	
	Analog input 2	9	Α	Α	
	Analog input 1	7	Α	В	
		6	Α	Α	
	Analog input 0	4	Α	В	
		3	Α	Α	
	Digital Output Jumpers				
Note that Jumpers #5, 8,		Jumper #	PNP*	NPN	
11, 12, 13, 14, 15 & 16	Digital Output 0	1	Α	В	
are not used	Digital Output 1	2	Α	В	

^{*} Default factory setting

Reassembling the controller

- 1. Return the PCB board to the module and secure the center screw.
- 2. Next, reinstall the module. Line the circular guidelines on the controller up with the guidelines on the Snap-in I/O Module as shown below.
- Apply even pressure on all 4 corners until you hear a distinct 'click'. The module is now installed. Check that all sides and corners are correctly aligned.



V200-18-E5B Technical Specifications

Digital Inputs

Number of inputs 18 (in two groups) Input type pnp (source) or npn (sink)

Galvanic isolation

Digital inputs to bus Yes Digital inputs to digital inputs in No

same group

Group to group, digital inputs Yes 24VDC Nominal input voltage

Input voltage

npn (sink)

Response time

High speed inputs

pnp (source) 0-5VDC for Logic '0'

17-28.8VDC for Logic '1' 17-28.8VDC for Logic '0'

0-5VDC for Logic '1'

Input current 8.8mA@24VDC for inputs #0 to #3

6mA@24VDC for inputs #4 to #17 10mSec typical for outputs #0 to #3

2mSec typical for outputs #4 to #17

Specifications below apply when these inputs are wired for use as a

high-speed counter input/shaft encoder. See Notes 1 and 2.

Resolution 32-bit

Frequency 10kHz maximum

Minimum pulse width 40µs

Notes:

- Inputs #0 and #2 can each function as either high-speed counter or as part of a shaft encoder. In each case, high-speed input specifications apply. When used as a normal digital input, normal input specifications apply.
- Inputs #1 and #3 can each function as either counter reset, or as a normal digital input; in either case, its specifications are those of a normal digital input. These inputs may also be used as part of a shaft encoder. In this case, high-speed input specifications apply.

Digital Outputs

Digital Output's Power Supply See Note 3. Nominal operating voltage 24VDC

20.4 to 28.8VDC Operating voltage 20mA@24VDC. Quiescent current

80mA@24VDC. See Note 4. Max. current consumption

Galvanic isolation

Digital power supply to bus Yes Digital power supply to No transistor outputs

Notes:

V0 provides the power supply for Outputs #0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8. V1 provides the power supply for Outputs #9, 10, 11,12, 13, 14, 15 and 16. V0 and V1 share a common 0V signal.

Maximum current consumption does not provide for pnp output requirements. The additional current requirement of pnp outputs must be added.

Transistor Outputs

Number of outputs 17 (in two groups). See Note 5.

Output type

Outputs #0 and #1 pnp: P-MOSFET (open drain) npn: N-MOSFET (open drain)

Each can be individually set as pnp (source) or npn (sink) via wiring and

jumper settings

Outputs #2 to #16 pnp: P-MOSFET (open drain)

Galvanic isolation

Transistor outputs to bus Yes Transistor outputs to No transistor outputs

Group to group

Output current pnp: 0.5A maximum per output, total maximum current for each group: 3A.

npn: 50mA maximum per output

Maximum frequency Resistive load

20Hz

Inductive load 0.5Hz pnp: 2kHz npn: 50kHz

High-speed output maximum frequency (resistive load).

See Note 6

ON voltage drop pnp: 0.5VDC maximum

npn: 0.4VDC maximum

Short circuit protection Yes (pnp only) See Digital Output's Power Supply above

pnp (source) power supply

npn (sink) power supply

operating voltage 3.5V to 28.8VDC,

unrelated to the voltage of either the I/O module or the controller

Notes:

Outputs #0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 share a common power signal. Outputs #8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15 and 16 share a common power signal. All outputs share a common 0V

Output #0 and 1 may be used as high-speed outputs.

Analog Inputs

Number of inputs 3 (single-ended)

Set via appropriate wiring and jumper settings. Type of input

Galvanic isolation None

0-10V, 0-20mA , 4-20mA Input range Conversion method Succesive approximation Resolution at 0-10V, 10-bit (1024 units)

0-20mA

204 to 1023 (820 units) Resolution at 4-20mA Conversion time Synchronized to cycle time

Input impedance >100kΩ—voltage

 500Ω —current ±15V-voltage

Absolute maximum rating ±30mA—current

Full-scale error ±2 LSB (0.2%) Linearity error ±2 LSB (0.2%)

IP20 / NEMA1 **Environmental**

Operating temperature 0° to 45°C (32° to 113°F) Storage temperature -20° to 60°C (-4° to 140°F) Relative Humidity (RH) 5% to 90% (non-condensing) 138x23x123mm (5.43x0.9x4.84") Dimensions (WxHxD)

Weight 186.3g (6.57 oz)

About Unitronics

Unitronics has been producing PLCs, automation software and accessory devices since 1989.

Unitronics' OPLC controllers combine full-function PLCs and HMI operating panels into single, compact units. These HMI + PLC devices are programmed in a single, user-friendly environment. Our clients save I/O points, wiring, space, and programming time; elements that translate directly into cost-efficiency.

Unitronics supports a global network of distributors and sales representatives, as well as a U.S. subsidiary.

For more information regarding Unitronics products, contact your distributor or Unitronics headquarters via email: export@unitronics.com.





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